## Child Development and Care Integrity Plan

Prepared by The

#### Michigan Department of Human Services

For Presentation to The

Joint House Human Service Standing Committee and the Families and Children's Services Committee

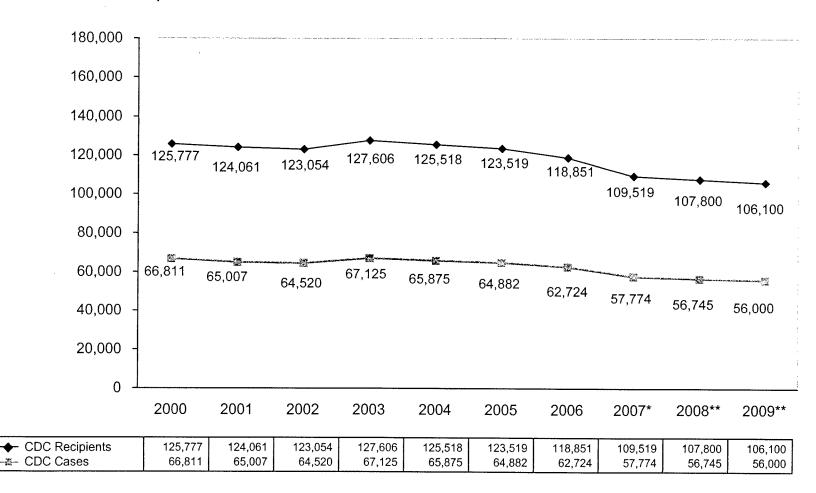
**February 27, 2008** 

### Child Day Care (CDC) Program

The current goal of the CDC program is to help preserve the family unit and to promote the family's economic independence and self-sufficiency by promoting safe, affordable, accessible, and quality child care for qualified Michigan residents.

### Child Development and Care Caseload and Recipient Trends FY 2000 - FY 2009

Caseloads and Recipients



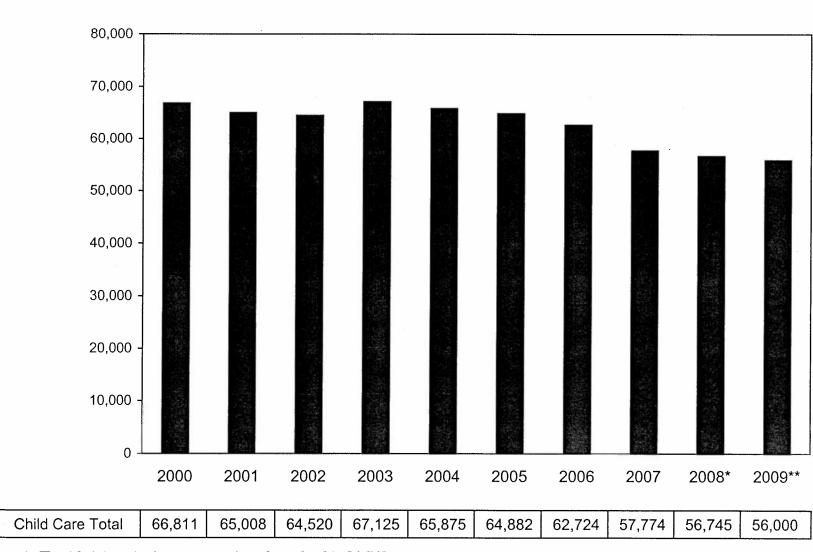
CDC caseload and recipients totals have been decreasing since FY 2003.

<sup>\*2007</sup> Average cases and recipients

<sup>\*\*2008</sup> and 2009 projected cases and recipients.

#### CHILD DEVELOPMENT AND CARE (CDC) PROGRAM

Average Monthly Caseload Trends FY 2000 - FY 2009



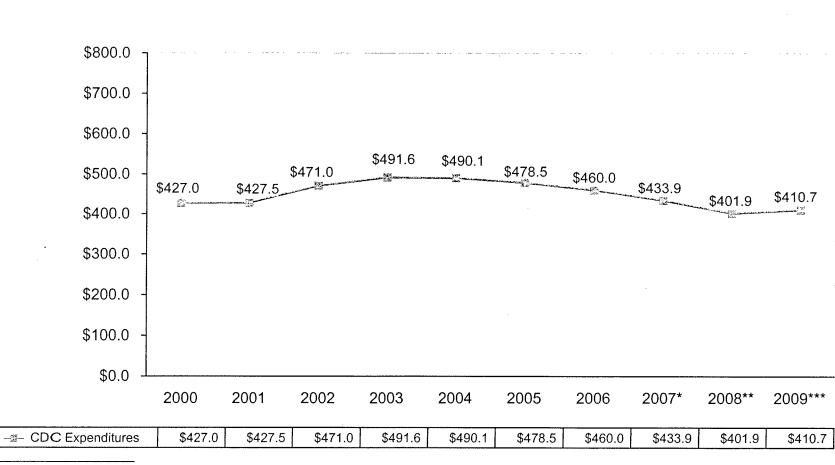
<sup>\*</sup> The Administration's current projected caseload is 56,745.

Caseload

<sup>\*\*</sup> FY 2009 Executive Recommended Caseload.

#### CHILD DAY CARE ANNUAL EXPENDITURES AND APPROPRIATIONS

FY 2000 - FY 2009



<sup>\*</sup> FY 2007 final program expenditures.

In Millions

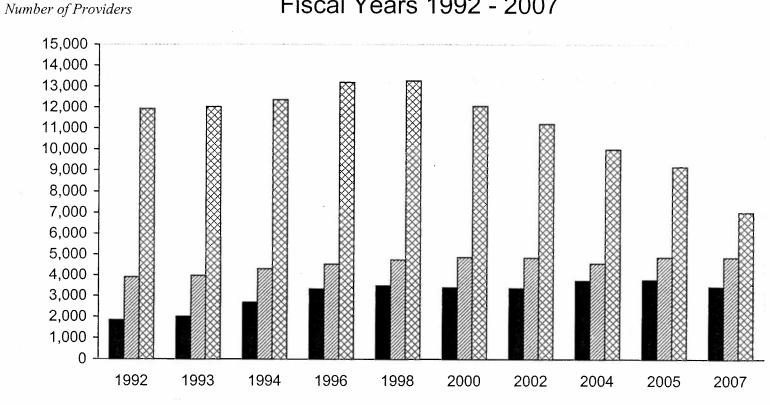
fy 2009 budget development/cdc expenditure trend 09.xls/02-26-2008

<sup>\*\*</sup> FY 2008 appropriations. CDC also includes a \$10.0M requested supplemental. In FY 2008, \$13.1M was transferred from the the CDC appropriation to the Early Childhood Investment Corporation line item (bringing the total ECIC amount to \$14.8M in FY 2008). NOTE: \$1.7M was already in ECIC in FY 2007. \$1.7M + \$13.1M = \$14.8M in FY 2008.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> FY 2009 Executive Budget Recommended appropriations.

#### CHILD DEVELOPMENT AND CARE

Group Home, Centers and Family Home Providers Fiscal Years 1992 - 2007

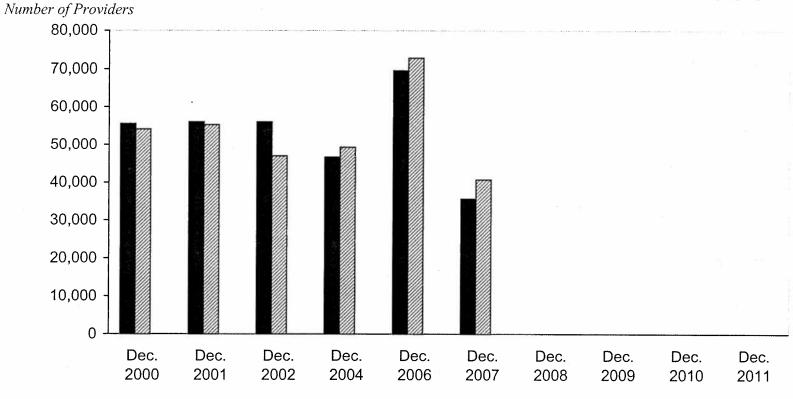


CDC Group Homes	1,838	2,005	2,688	3,331	3,497	3,409	3,372	3,741	3,774	3,448
CDC Centers	3,907	3,974	4,300	4,534	4,746	4,873	4,847	4,574	4,872	4,866
	5,745	5,979	6,988	7,865	8,243	8,282	8,219	8,315	8,646	8,314
TOTAL	11,490	11,958	13,976	15,730	16,486	16,564	16,438	16,630	17,292	16,628

<sup>•</sup> The major trend from 1992 forward was a peak in "CDC Centers" in FY 2008 and a year-over-year decrease in those numbers since that time. The peak in TOTAL providers for Group Homes, Centers and Family Homes was in FY 2005. The FY total was moderately lower due to a continued decrease in "Family Home Providers" (year-over-year) through FY 2007.

#### CHILD DEVELOPMENT AND CARE

CDC Aides and Relative Providers
Fiscal Years 2000 - 2007 - Point-in-time December Totals



CDC Aides	55,590	56,087	56,087	46,702	69,664	35,699	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CDC Relative Providers	54,176	55,328	47,005	49,409	72,866	40,767	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
▼ TOTAL	109,766	111,415	103,092	N/A	142,530	76,466	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

The peak in CDC care by Aides and Relative Providers was in December 2006 when over 142,500 providers were enrolled.
 The December 2007 total was just over one-half that total at just over 76,460.

### Fundamental Changes

Improvements to the quality and safety of child care.

Improvements to the financial integrity of the program.

 Improving the likelihood that families who rely on child care are moving towards self-sufficiency.

## Amending the Child Care Administrative Rules

 The proposed rules will define the administrative process that will enable DHS to impose penalties and disqualifications on child care providers or clients receiving child care funds through program non-compliance or fraud.

 Uniform sanctions will be assigned for providers and clients found to be in non-compliance with the rules.

### **Internal Audit Project**

Two objectives to the audit:

- (1) Determine if providers had attendance records that met department requirements.
- (2) Determine if clients had documentation of hours worked for the hours their children were in subsidized care.

## Office of Quality Assurance CDC Case Reviews

- Will measure accurate and complete documentation in the CDC case record (client file) and the provider record.
- Errors and program non-compliance will be corrected and referrals to the OIG and recoupment specialists.
- Will help the department meet new federal requirements and mandates related to determination of CDC program eligibility.

## Reverse Wage Match and New Hire Data Matches

 The query matches high dollar child care payments for an employment need with low quarterly employee earnings reports.

 Desktop tool for DHS field staff that would allow them to match active CDC clients with Department of Treasury earned income data to facilitate employment verification and improved payment accuracy.

## CDC Client Recertification and Reconciliation and Recoupment

Currently a CDC client's eligibility is evaluated annually.

- Client recoupment is done manually.
- Provider recoupment is done through automation.

### Field Council

 Charged with reviewing and monitoring the activities contained in the CDC Integrity Plan.



## STATE OF MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES LANSING



JENNIFER M. GRANHOLM
GOVERNOR

February 19, 2008

The Honorable Bill Hardiman, Chair Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on DHS Michigan State Senate Lansing, Michigan 48933

The Honorable Dudley Spade, Chair House Appropriations Subcommittee on DHS Michigan House of Representatives Lansing, Michigan 48933

Dear Senator Hardiman and Representative Spade:

department report is attached. program and to report to the legislature on the plan details and implementation status. The develop and implement a plan to reduce waste, fraud, and abuse within the child day care Section 674 of 2007 Public Act No. 131 requires the Department of Human Services to

administrative officer, at 373-7787. Of you have any questions about the attached material, please contact John Sorbet, chief

Sincerely

Stanley M. Stewart for Ismael Ahmed

 $\Omega$ Senate and House Appropriations Subcommittees on DHS Senate and House Fiscal Agencies Senate and House Policy Offices State Budget Director

annually to the senate and house appropriations subcommittees for the department budget, the and implementation status. senate and house fiscal agencies and policy offices, and the state budget director on plan details Sec. 674. The department shall develop and implement a plan to reduce waste, fraud, and abuse within the child day care program. Beginning December 31, 2007, the department shall report

## Report to the Legislature

has realized the necessity to make fundamental changes in the CDC program. These department has learned more about brain development of the youngest children. DHS clients to receive day care assistance so child care was not an obstacle to work fundamental changes ultimately will meet the following goals: participation. Since that time, we have been able to see the program in operation and the work support program. As such, the goal was to offer as many avenues as possible for When the Child Day Care (CDC) system was put into place in 1992 it was designed as

- household members). DHS has expanded the background checks it conducts on providers and adult To improve the quality and safety of child care received by children (for example
- a verification of care form that must be signed by the parent). To improve the financial integrity of the program (for example, DHS implemented a toll free phone number for fraud referrals and a requirement for providers to complete
- for a portion of their child care costs will be able to become self-sufficient. To improve the likelihood that families who rely on child care subsidy dollars to pay

however, that these program improvements to increase efficiency and effectiveness will innovations, and enhanced internal controls. likely occur over several years and will need to include policy changes, technological These changes are critical to the success of the CDC program. It is important to realize,

use of measurable performance indicators and creates a system for continued feedback ongoing accountability monitoring. The plan includes eight core initiatives listed below from child care partners. The plan will generate baseline data to facilitate reliable ensure accountability. The plan links process changes, enhanced oversight through the procedures that will support program integrity, and provides for continuous monitoring to General, the Office of Quality Assurance, Field Operations Administration, the Bureau of reflects ongoing collaborative commitment between the Office of Early Education and CDC Integrity Plan that addresses errors, program noncompliance and fraud. The plan As part of this fundamental change DHS has created and implemented a comprehensive Child and Adult Licensing, and the Office of Internal Audit to strengthen policy and Care (which includes the Child Day Care Program Office), the Office of Inspector

# 1. Amend Child Care Administrative Rules

sanctions will be assigned for providers and clients found to be in non-compliance with receiving child care funds through program non-compliance or fraud. Uniform enable DHS to impose penalties and disqualifications on child care providers or clients process of being amended. The proposed rules will define the administrative process to The current Administrative Rules for the CDC Program, R400.5001 et seq., are in the

due to fraud and accurately measuring related savings. increasing the accountability of clients and providers, reliably identifying case closures be promulgated by the end of FY 2008. This administrative process is critical to expect to hold public hearings on the rules in the summer of 2008 and that the rules will to solicit input from the newly created Michigan Home Based Child Care Council. We of the proposed rules to the State Office of Administrative Hearings and Rules in order and external child care advocates. In addition, the department has delayed submission the rules. The rule set has been revised by a committee comprised of department staff

# 2. Office of Internal Audit (OIA) Project

of hours worked for the hours their children were in subsidized care. records that met department requirements and (2) determine if clients had documentation 2007. There were two objectives to the audit: (1) determine if providers had attendance The Office of Internal Audit performed an audit between March 2007 and December

providers did not meet these requirements. The OIA determined: general, OIA determined that the time and attendance records maintained by the enrolled 4 of the Provider Handbook and Reporting Instructions for Child Care Providers. In determine if providers had attendance records that met the requirements detailed on page OIA sampled 2,005 (of 34,462) enrolled day care aides and relative care providers to

- of attendance records that did not meet some or all of the requirements outlined in the Four hundred eighty nine (24.4%) of the providers sampled provided documentation provider handbook.
- An additional 295 (14.7%) providers stated they did not maintain any attendance
- the number of hours billed. Thirty-three (1.6%) providers kept records, but the records did not properly support
- documentation and were disenrolled as approved child care providers by DHS Eight hundred and forty providers (41%) did not respond to the request for attendance
- that the parent was not working. It was also found that 10 (.5%) providers indicated that no service was provided or
- The remaining 338 (16.9%) providers complied with requirements.
- Subsequent to disenrollment, 728 of the 840 providers (86%) did not reenroll with DHS. In addition, 1,288 of the 1,945 (66%) children they were providing care for are not currently being cared for by another DHS subsidized child care provider.

hours worked that supported child care payments for the hours their children were in for a sample of 207 of these clients to determine if they had supporting documentation of employment was the stated reason why care was needed. They obtained payment records Michigan Unemployment Insurance Agency for the review period, even though OIA also determined that 8,568 of 36,793 clients had no earnings reported to the Results were that:

- Ninety-eight clients (47%) did not respond to the audit request.
- Thirty-four clients (16.4%) provided employment verification records that were insufficient to verify their employment.
- The remaining 75 clients (36.60%) were in compliance with program requirements

to clients and providers to ensure they understand program requirements. At this time, the department continues to conduct these audits The department continues to explore options to provide training and additional assistance

# 3. Office of Quality Assurance CDC Case Reviews

areas has been developed. It is expected the project will be expanded statewide in July improvement including revised procedures, policy clarifications and related staff training determinations and reporting requirements for CDC programs. Two staff have been hired and a detailed project plan that includes noncompliance risk results of quality assurance case reviews will provide data for continuous program identify and address causes related to errors, program non-compliance and fraud. The 2008 and will incorporate new federal payment accuracy and accurate eligibility recoupment specialists will be initiated as appropriate. This project will allow DHS to Errors and program non-compliance will be corrected and referrals to the OIG and complete documentation in the CDC case record (client file) and the provider record The project, that will be piloted beginning in April 2008, will measure accurate and

# 4. Office of Inspector General Reverse Wage Match

Washtenaw, Oakland, Macomb, and Wayne. participation in Saginaw, Kent, Genesee, Kalamazoo, Berrien, Calhoun, Jackson expanded the CDC Reverse Wage Match technology to additional counties for employee earnings reports to help screen for potentially fraudulent CDC cases. matches high dollar child care payments for an employment need with low quarterly Michigan Unemployment Insurance Agency against CDC payment history. The query The process is a data query that matches employment earnings as reported to the The OIG doubled the assignment of CDC reverse wage match investigations in FY 2007. The OIG

of Inspector General The chart below demonstrates the FY 2005-07 investigative performance of The Office

REVERSE Wage Match Outcomes FY 2005-07	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007
Investigations assigned via			
reverse wage match	730	384	777
Investigations referred for			
prosecution/administrative			
hearing	740	724	862
CDC alleged fraud found			
value*	\$7.9M	\$7.6M	\$8.7M
I	1,124	1,137	1,483
***			

by the client at the point of referral to the prosecutor or administrative law judge \*The alleged fraud found value equals the amount of money determined by the agent to be owed

# 5. Bi-Annual CDC Client Recertification

assessing the policy, technology and workload impacts associated with a biannual (every Currently a CDC client's eligibility is evaluated annually. The department is currently

<sup>\*\*</sup>Completed investigations are those where all actions have been taken by the agent and include cases where fraud has and has not been found

clients whose circumstances have changed making them no longer eligible to receive day six months) recertification requirement for CDC clients. It is believed that a biannual help increase the integrity of the child day care program by more quickly identifying recertification that verifies the client's continued eligibility for the CDC program would

## 6. New Hire Data Match

will match active CDC clients with Department of Treasury earned income data to local office staff. DHS is evaluating the development and implementation of the New Hire Data Match for facilitate accurate employment verification and improved payment accuracy. Currently The New Hire Data Match is an eligibility determination desktop tool for DHS staff that

## 7. Recoupment and Reconciliation

the local offices. Automation for client recoupment will enable DHS to increase payment expected to be incorporated into Bridges. receivables and increase actual recoveries of improper payments. Automation is Currently client recoupment and reconciliation for the CDC program is done manually at

amount collected in 2007 was \$427,411. caused by providers. In FY 2006, DHS recovered \$389,567 in CDC program funds Currently there are 500 providers owing \$3,264,734 in established overissuances. The For providers, DHS has implemented an automated system to recoup overissuances

This automated system recoups overissuances by:

- Tracking the provider overissuance amounts.
- Recording manual and automated repayments.
- Producing provider recoupment notices.
- deducted amount to the provider's overissuance balance Automatically deducting a percentage of current CDC payments and applying the
- Producing reports to assist in crediting recouped monies to the proper accounts
- Referring delinquent accounts for tax stop.

increase efficiency in this area. DHS will continue to explore new recoupment methods and automation enhancements to

## 8. DHS/CDC Field Council

and program feedback Integrity Plan by engaging local office staff in active participation of CDC policy review The Field Council will help review and monitor the activities contained in the CDC